The Dynamics of Prosthetics Care Continuum for Persons with Amputation

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Problem Identification

- WHO estimates that ~0.5% of any given population require prosthetics and orthotics services¹
- Without timely and accessible prosthetic interventions, persons with major lower-limb amputation experience a loss of mobility and independence, lower quality of life, and decreased life expectancy²⁻³
- Although lacking definitive data, WHO approximates that only 5 to 15% of PwA have access to prostheses¹
- Even for those with prosthesis, about 50% abandon it due to poor outcomes, including discomfort and pain³⁻⁵
- Given such outcomes, it is pertinent to investigate the underlying system of care for PwA and prosthetics service provision

Research Objectives

- Identify high-leverage policies capable of alleviating the barriers to access across PwA patient journey
- Enhance the health and economic outcomes from prosthetics care
- Scenario analysis and policy testing using a system dynamics simulation model
 - Specifically, it will test the efficacy of digitalbased prosthetics provision vs. traditional plaster-casting manufacturing

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Figure 1: Top-level model conceptualisation of prosthetics care continuum



Figure 2: Market Sector partially adapted from Walrave & Raven⁶

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Preliminary Results

- sources, existing literature and expert opinion
- share fails to take-off



accrued from expanding access to prostheses

Status of Work

- scenario analysis

• Model is calibrated to United Kingdom based on secondary data

• Graphs below show the comparative results for two scenarios: (1) optimistic scenario where digital market share increases to 60% by 2050, and (2) pessimistic scenario where digital market

Figure 3: Preliminary results of some key indicators

• Key Finding: In general, with sufficient funding for digital market formation, we can expect to double the rate of mobility amongst PwA, and significantly increase the health economic benefits

• Research is in its model testing and analysis phase

• The research is being conducted in collaboration with ProsFit Technologies and the Toyota Mobility Foundation – who provide data and other relevant inputs for model conceptualisation and





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